## TLCA List of Open Problems

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## Problem # 19 [SOLVED]

Submitted by Mariangiola Dezani-Ciancaglini Date: 2002

**Statement.** Does easiness imply simple easiness?

**Problem Origin.** The problem was posed by <u>Fabio Alessi</u> and Mariangiola Dezani-Ciancaglini.

According to [Jacopini, 1975] a closed term E is easy if, for any other closed term M, the theory  $\lambda\beta + \{M = E\}$  is consistent.

[Alessi and Lusin, 2002] introduce the notion of *simple easiness*: roughly a term M is simple easy if given an arbitrary intersection type  $\tau$  one can find a suitable pre-order on types which allows to derive  $\tau$  for M. In the same paper the authors show that for each simple easy term E and for each arbitrary closed term M it is possible to build a  $\lambda$ -model in which the interpretations of E and M coincide.

Clearly each simple easy term is easy, but the vice versa is open.

**Remark:** The content of [Alessi et al., 2004] are some applications of simple easiness.

**Solution:** <u>Alberto Carraro</u> and <u>Antonino Salibra</u> announced a solution in February 2010, the solution is published in [Carraro and Salibra, 2012].

## References

[Alessi et al., 2004] Alessi, F., Dezani-Ciancaglini, M., and Lusin, S. (2004). Intersection types and domain operators. *Theoretical Computer Science*, 316(1–3):25–47.

[Alessi and Lusin, 2002] Alessi, F. and Lusin, S. (2002). Simple easy terms. In van Bakel, S., editor, *Intersection Types and Related Systems*, volume 70 of *Electronic Notes in Computer Science*. Elsevier.

[Carraro and Salibra, 2012] Carraro, A. and Salibra, A. (2012). Easy lambda-terms are not always simple. RAIRO - Theoretical Informatics and Applications, 46:291–314.

[Jacopini, 1975] Jacopini, G. (1975). A condition for identifying two elements of whatever model of combinatory logic. In Böhm, C., editor, λ-Calculus and Computer Science Theory, volume 37 of Lecture Notes in Computer Science, pages 213–219. Springer-Verlag.